

Episkopi Turtlewatch - 2010 population survey data sheet.

Please help us to identify where protection measures should be targeted by filling in one of these forms whenever you see a turtle in the water. Thank you for your help. More information can be obtained by emailing info@episkopiturtlewatch.com or by viewing our website www.episkopiturtlewatch.com

Name and contact details (email or telephone)	
Date and time of turtle sighting(s)	
Location of turtle(s) Please mark the location on the diagram	<p>The map shows the coastline of Episkopi Bay. Key locations marked include Avdimou, Paraman, Tunnel beach, Long beach, Lemmings beach, Zapalo harbour, Kantou, Episkopi, Erimi, and Koloss. Other landmarks include Agios Imamas, APOLLONION YLATIAS (RUINS), MOURION, KOLOSSICASTLE, Panagia Vounariotissa, Agios Dimitrios, Panagia Galousa, Fasouri, Agios Georgios, and Katalymaton Plagi. Cape Zevgari is also labeled. Four red boxes with arrows point to specific beach locations: Long beach, Tunnel beach, Lemmings beach, and Zapalo harbour.</p>
Please give GPS coordinates or details of distance along and from closest beach or landmark and approximate water depth.	
Approximate size of turtle shell and sex and species if known (see notes below):	
Any other information which may be relevant eg: a) Was the turtle feeding/mating? b) Did it appear to be healthy? c) Were there barnacles or other creatures attached to it?	

Notes on identification.

- a) Loggerhead turtles generally have a rust brown shell which is heart shaped in outline. In adults the profile of the shell is quite flat. They also have large heads.
- b) Green turtles have a whitish underbelly and a shell which is more round in outline and in adults quite domed. The plates of the shell tend to have radiating mottled copper patterns. The colour of the shell can vary.
- c) Adult male turtles of both species can be identified by a long and very visible tail.